# MAYOR LOW'S VICTORY.

HIS PLURALITY OVER HENDRIX 1,840. OTHER RESULTS IN BROOKLYN-RIDGWAY ELECTED -JACOBS PULLS THROUGH.

When Mayor Low's re-election was made known in Brooklyn yesterday morning, few save those most deeply interested in the result were awake, but these made up in enthusiasm what they lacked in numbers. As daylight dawned, about a thousand Young Republicans, who had "kept the watch for Low" in Music Hall, where the figures had been read early in the night to a great crowd, having learned that the young Mayor was re-elected by 1,800 majority, shouted themselves hoarse, and then in solid phalanx marched to Mayor Low's house on Columbia Heights, keeping step to the words " Low, Low," and singing " We'll hang 'Jo' Hendrix to a sour apple-tree." At Pierrepont-st. and Columbia Heights a halt was called, and in response to repeated cheers Mayor Low appeared, and was assured of his re-election, that being his first positive news of it. He reminded his hearers that he had predicted a Gettysburg. He then thanked all for what they had done, and the crowd went home.

Nothing but congratulations were heard among Republicans and the Democrats who supported Mayor Low yesterday. It was regarded as a signal triumph of good government over the worst political influences.

ADDRESS OF THE CITIZENS' COMMITTEE. The Citizens' Committee, which first renominated Mayor Low, issued the following circular:

Mayor Low, issued the following circular:

To our Fellow Citizens:

The result of the election in this city is a victory for the people. Home Rule and non-partisan municipal government have been sustained. The sober second thought criment have been sustained in the special to party, have reason to be proud of the result. But especially to those who withstood all appeals to party spirit is credit due. To them more than to any others is Brooklyn indebted for the preservation of her honor and credit as a city. It is not the elevation of Mr. Low or the defeat of Mr. Headrix; it is the triumphant vindication of principle, over which rejoicing is proper at this time, and this rejoicing will not be confined to the hunts of our own numeripality, but will extend to every city in our land. While we regret that many whose sympathies in the main were with us felt constrained yesterday, on party grounds, to cast a party vote, yet we hope and believe that the day is not far distant when they will realize the overwhelming importance of the principles for which we have contended, and will be found standing shoulder to shoulder with us in supporting and further advancing them.

For the Citizens' Committee.

HENEY HENTZ,

JOHN B. WOODWARD,

HENRY HENTZ, JOHN B. WOODWARD, ALEXANDER E. ORR, GEORGE H. FISHER, TROMAS H. KODMAN. THE DEMOCRATIC DEFEAT.

The Democratic party was united in support of Hendrix as it has been for no Brooklyn candidate for years, and it never did so much systematic and thorough work in an election. Every hall in which the Republicans held a political meeting was hired for the following night by the Democrats, and all that music, fireworks and specious oratory could do to rouse enthusiasm and advance the Hendrix boom" was done in all parts of the city. Money was lavishly spent in campaign ex-penses by the Democrats, while the Republicans

were cramped for means. Not a cent was asked from any employe in the city, though many voluntarily contributed, and all the amount raised was the free offering of public-spirited citizens. Every cent of it was spent to the best advantage, but there was not enough to send a set of ballots to each registered voter, as was done by the Dem-The expectations of Hendrix's friends that he

would make as good a run as any Democrat who could be named for Mayor were justified; but it was not good enough for them. They re-called yesterday that he said in his speech of acceptance that he could afford to be defeated, and said he would have to solace himself with that. One man said: "Hendrix compared himself to a star when he said, 'A star that sets may rise again, but a star that falls is lost forever'; but he was not even a star, but only a meteor which flashed across the political horizon, to die away in darkness." TRESULTS IN DETAIL.

The result in detail shows Mayor Low's re-election by 1,840 plurality over Hendrix, which is eight more than was given him by THE TRIBUNE Extra yesterday morning. The votes for Leigh (Prohibitionist) numbered 152, which would make Low's majority 1,635.

The returns so far as sent to the police for Aldermen-at-Large indicate the election of John Rooney (D.), who received the Republican nomination; Aldermen are;

Districts.

I.-G. H. Sterling (D.)

John McCarty (D.)

John Curran (D.)

John Curran (D.)

Anton Mergie (R.)

Paul C. Grening (R.)

Paul C. Grening (R.)

John Rosth (D.)

John Curran (D.)

Joh

The Board will stand four Republicans to fourteen regular Democrats, and one independent Democrat. On the State ticket Carr received 615 majority in Kings County. The vote for Chapin (D.), was 53,827 to 48,493 for Davenport (R.), giving the former 5,334 majority. The other Democratic candidates on the State ticket received

Semocratic candidates sss majorities than Chapin. For Supreme Court Judge Willard Bartlett (D.), in For Supreme Court Judge Willard Bartlett (D.), received 4,256 majority over Johnson (R.), in Kings County.

County Judge Moore was unanimously re-elected, and for Associate Justices of Sessions, Savage (R.), and Sherlock (D.), were elected without opposi-tion, as the two Justices must be of opposite politi-

tion, as the two Justices must be of opposite political parties.

The Civil Justices re-elected are John Courtney (D.) and Charles Kiehl (D.) and Clark D. Rhinehart (R.), who defeated Justice Kenna,

On the county ticket the Democrats elected James W. Ridgway District-Attorney by 2.089 majority over Robert Payne; the Republicans re-elected Supervisor-at-Large Fritz over John B. Meyenborg, by 2.279 majority; the Republicans also elected both Coroners, Drs. H. F. Menninger and H. J. Hesse, by 732 majority for the former over Dr. A. W. Ford, and 7.356 for the latter over Coroner Doyle, Daniel Lake (Dem.) was elected County Auditor by 764 majority over County Auditor Biggs (Rep.)

The Supervisors elected are:

SUPERVISORS.

SUPERVISORS.

rds. Wards.
Theodore B. Willis (R.) 15. Thomas B. Hobby (R.)
Daniel W. Wilkes (R.) 17. F. Wrightington (R.)
Edward Fitzgerald (D.) 19. Jacob Bennett (R.)
Eagene F. Barnes (R.) 21. Lester W. Beasley (R.)
T. F. McDonald (D.) 23. W. H. Garrison, (R.)
Thomas Harold, Jr. (R.) 25. Samuel J. Styles(R.)
Robert Adamson (B.)

The Board will stand 15 Republicans to 15 Demo-crats, but Mayor Low is a member of the Board ex-officio, giving a Republican majority. The presid-ing officer is also a Republican.

ing officer is also a Republican.

The legislative representation of the county is unchanged, there being one Republican Senator to two Democrats, and four Republican Assemblymen to eight Democrats, as there were last year. The Senators elected, with their majorities, are: 
 brict.
 Senators
 Majority.

 John J. Klernan (D.)
 8,322

 Albert Daggett (R.)
 2,369

 John C. Jacobs (D.)
 198
 District.

The successful candidates for the A follows, with their majorities:	ssembly are as
District.	1,509 674 272 3,055 964 (plur.) 2,431 (mal.) 559 (plur.) 442 (mal.) 3,988 446 2,467

FOR M	IAYOR (	F BRO	OOKLY	٧.
188	3.	18	81.	1888
Low.	Hendrix	Low	Howell	tratio
2,209 371 2,119 1,453 849 2,076 8,530	1,846 1,141 1,200 1,178 2,886 8,836 2,677	2,181 447 2,039 1,369 875 1,969 3,382	1,012 1,00s 992 1,035 2,078 2,877 2,058	3,8 1,6 3,6 2,8 3,4 5,7 6,5
	18	1883.	1883.   18	2007

Wards.	18	83.	1881.		1883	
marita.	Low.	Hendrix	Low	Howell	Regis- tration.	
J	2,209	1.346	2,181	1,012	3,861	
10	2,119	1,141	2,039	1,008	3,648	
IV	1,453	1,178	1,369	1,635	2,863	
V	849	2,386	1,969	2,078	3,471	
VII	8,530	2,577	3.332	2,058	6,550	
VIII	1.319	1,847	1,276	1,663	3,50	
IX	2,017	1,796	1 974	1,576 2,587	2,97	
XI	2,188	1.969	2,146	1,657	5,500	
XII	819	2,858	715	3,016	4,22	
XIII	2,333	1,347	2,147	1,204	4,03	
XV	2.163	1.688	1,986	1,322	4,500	
XVI	2,664	2,632	2,142	2,580	5,67	
KVII	2,281	2,076	1,541	1,911	5,38	
XIX	2,821	1.670	2.61	1.85	4.90	
XX	3,0=1	1,454	2,988	1,190	4,77	
XXI	3,14	2,366	2,679	1,89:	5,95	
XIII	2,32	857	1,904	1,35	8,40	
X.IV	77	81	788	73.	1,700	
XXV	2,05:	1,82:	1,762	1,01	3,687	
Total	49,80	47,967	45,321	40,96	106,476	
Malority	1.840		4.854	1		

VOTE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE IN KINGS

		COUNT	Y,		
	188	3.	18	91.	1883.
Wards.	Carr.	May- nard.	Carr.	Purcell.	Regis- tration.
1	2,118 1,998 1,402 1,402 1,753 3,270 1,291 1,097 2,134 1,097 2,134 2,136 2,159 2,159 2,198	1,466 1,072 1,315 1,161 2,324 3,388 2,581 1,786 1,726 1,369 1,369 1,369 1,369 1,369 1,369 1,47 1,958 1,547 1	1,985 567 1,746 1,226 751 1,690 3,094 1,158 7,693 2,068 907 1,941 1,723 1,527 2,576 2,551 2,432 1,764 1,772	1.171 1.096 1.219 1.138 2.145 3.090 2.253 1.756 2.253 1.756 2.145 1.214 1.214 1.216 1.286 1.286 1.305	3,861 1,613 3,644 2,865 3,504 2,877 8,504 4,522 4,033 4,237 5,677 5,384 4,414 4,955 5,154 3,467 5,938 6,170 2,388 7,702 3,887
Total City	48,260	48,501	42,349	42,914	106,479
Flatbush Flatlands Gravesend New-Lots New-Utrecht	511 211 148 855 275	720 197 630 1,008 484	291 219 126 806 178	590 204 406 756 402	1.181 408 707 2,226 856
Total County	50,055	49,440	43,969	45,252	111,803
Majority	615			1,283	*****
VOTE FO	R SUP	REME NGS CO	COUR UNTY.	T JUD	GE IN
	188	83.	18	82,	1883. Begis-
Wards.	Tohnson	Bartlett.	Tracy.	Brown.	tration.

	1883.		188	2,	1883. Begis-	
Wards.	Johnson.	Bartlett.	Tracy.	Brown.	tration.	
	1,912 306 1,906 1,906 1,30,0 2,142 2,142 2,142 2,142 1,277 1,872 2,683 2,213 1,151 2,035 2,442 2,213 2,035 2,442 2,213 2	1,591 1,137 1,236 1,246 8,370 2,630 1,822 1,842 3,201 3,201 3,201 2,917	1,832 1,802 1,372 1,372 1,090 1,163 1,767 1,767 1,078 2,072 1,093 2,050 2,012 1,093 2,050 2,012 1,590 2,834 2,539 2,468 1,848 1,888 1,888 1,888 1,866 1,866	1,492 1,642 1,142 1,152 2,345 2,344 1,752 1,752 1,752 2,414 1,681	8.80 1.61 2.86 2.86 5.75 6.55 6.55 4.52 4.03 4.03 4.23 5.63 4.15 5.15 5.15 5.15 5.15 5.15 5.15 6.15 6	
Total City.	36,975	49,203	43,200	48,140	106,479	
Fiatbush Fiatlands Gravesend New-Lots New-Utrecht	333 228 132 1,651 284	706 184 552 2,724 485	351 278 202 878 247	750 220 440 1,181 574	1,131 400 707 2,227 850	
Total County	49,598	53,854	45,156	51,255	111,80	
Majority		4,256		6,099	THE REPORT	

	188	3.	188	0.	1883.
Wards.	Payne.	Ridg- way.	Catlin.	Troy.	Regis- tration.
	2,106 366 2,103 1,352 1,947 1,947 1,309 9,217 2,125 2,208 2,208 2,567 2,187 2,195 2,195 2,195 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,184 2,185 2,	1.402 1.134 1.229 1.247 2.348 3.374 1.834 1.834 1.836 2.021 1.592 2.667 2.667 2.125 1.531 2.341 1.834 1.834 1.533 2.341 1.834	2,637 603 1,752 1,210 2,448 1,204 1,	1,235 1,108 1,081 1,081 1,081 2,204 3,713 2,204 1,797 1,797 1,797 1,793 1,773 2,868 3,002 1,477 1,663 1,663 1,592 1,592 1,592 1,592 1,592 1,592 1,592 1,663	8,861 1,611 8,844 2,841 5,75 6,55 8,560 4,522 4,623 4,624 4,225 6,77 5,87 6,17 6,17 6,17 6,17 6,17 6,17 6,17 6,1
Total City.	48,198	40,035	57,770	47,238	106,479
Flatbush Flatlands Gravesend New-Lots New-Utrocht	317 202 108 848 282	724 214 578 1,012 436	653 339 327 1,198 305	228 260 1,084 523	1,181 403 707 2,227 856
County	49,555	52,044	60,502	40,843	111,803
Majority		2,089	10,749	-	*****

HOW THE MAYOR REGARDS THE RESULT. Mayor Low, when visited at his house yesterday by a Tribune reporter, was caught napping after the hard work and consequent fatigue of the campaign just closed, in which partisan greed and revenge clasped hands to compass his defeat. Upon his appearance, however, he showed no signs of weariness, though his voice is a little husky as a result of his many speeches of the last two weeks.

"There never was," he said, "such a campaign in Brooklyn as that through which we have just Rufus L. Scott (D.), Halsey Corwin (D.), Theophilus Olena (D.), and John A. Quintard (D.) The District have held continuous meetings in all parts the city, and in the course which the candidate also appeared before the people. In my opinion the strongest combination that ever was made against a local candidate was met at the polls yesterday, and beaten fairly and squarely by the people. The nomination of Mr. Hendrix united the political elements of the Democratic party locally to an extent beyond anything that has existed for many years, so that while the majority is small the battle was really much more of a battle, and the results can be regarded as much more important than the victory which was won two years ago. It was really the greatest fight that Brooklyn has ever had, and the greatest victory that has ever been won here for good government. Every element that has been powerful in the past in controlling and shaping things in Brooklyn was leagued against us, and in my opinion the silent vote settled the question. Looking back over the ground, it is easy to say that every inch was contested thoroughly, and the only reason why our opponents did not succeed was because they were not the stronger."

The Mayor is in constant receipt of telegrams from dilerent parts of the country congratulating him upon his re-election. This shows that the contest has been watched with deep interest in places far remote from Brooklyn. which the candidate also appeared before the

## BISHOP PINKNEY'S MEMORY.

SERVICES IN WASHINGTON IN HIS HONOR. Washington, Nov. 7.-Memorial services in nor of the late Bishop Pinkney, of the diocese of Maryand, were held to-day in the Church of the Ascension in this city. Respect and love for the memory of the dead bishop, and the fame of Bishoff Whipple, who was to preach the memorial sermon, drew together an assemblage which could not be accommodated in the church. A large number of elergymen of the diocese, and from abroad, took part in the services, and several of the im-mediate relatives of the dead bishop were present. The church was heavily draped in purple and black. The services were opened by the Rev. Dr. Southgate, of Annapolis. The Rev. Dr. Paret, of this city, read the lessor of the day, and the Rev. Dr. Nelson, of Virginia, read the

ourth chapter of Paul unto Timothy.

The Litany was read by Dr. Hodges, of Baltimore, and Dr. Leeds, of Baltimore, made a prayer. The Rev. Dr. Elliott announced the prayer. The Rev. Dr. Elliott announced the hymn, No. 184, which was sung by the choir and congregation. The Commandments were read by Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania. The Epistles were read by Bishop Lyman, of North Carolina. Dr. Lewin announced that the fund collected at the memorial services would be devoted to mission work, in view of the fact that Bishop Pinkney had organized the mission, which had been one of his chief cares during his entire life.

Bishop Pinkney had organized the mission, taking his text from the Second Epistle of St. Paul, 4th chapter and 7th verse. He spoke of the deceased man as a thoughtful boy, a studious man, and a devoted minister and Caristian; of his acts of charity, known only through the recipients; his many good works and his simple manner and devotion to the works of humanity. He said Bishop Pinkney bore so many sorrows for others that he forgot entirely his own. He gave so much to others that he scarcely possessed anything for himself.

## CHESS CHAMPIONS IN THE LISTS.

The fact that Zukertort, the champion of the adon chess tournament, and Steinitz, the champion of the Vienna tourney, are both in this country, has greatly stimulated match games everywhere. Last night at the Manhattan Chess Club, No. 104 East Fourteenth-st., the first round of a series of match games between Philadelphia and New-York players came off. Stemitz did not play, but he accompanied the fifteen Philadelphians to this city and to the club rooms, where he received a hearty welcome from the members. Dr. Zukertort was not present then, but he arrived later, and those who did not know that the two champions were not on friendly terms were astonished that they did not greet one another. They sidled past each in assumed unother. They sidled past each in assumed unconsciousness of his rival's existence. Finally they stationed themselves at opposite ends of the froom, and a circle of eager listeners formed around each. Steinitz said boudly that he would play Zukertort for \$1,000 a side any day, and that he would be glad of the chance to make so much money; while Zukertort texplained to his admirers that to play a match with Steinitz would accomplish the dearest wish of his heart, but he was prevented by the trip that he had planned for himself, which would not allow him a longer stay in New-York than a fortuight.

At \$11.30 p. m. of the fifteen games Philadelphia had won four, New-York three, and three were drawn. Martinez, of Philadelphia, who was pitted against Captain Mackenzle, had what appeared to be a lost game, but he is a player fertile in resources and capable of wily combinations.

## THE RESULTS IN THIS CITY.

WHAT THE CORRECTED RETURNS SHOW.

MAYNARD'S MAJORITY OVER CARR 23,783 - NINE REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLYMEN AND EIGHT REPUB-LICAN ALDERMEN. The election figures for this city, as revised and corrected yesterday, are more complete than any

that have been obtained on the first day after election for many years. The figures from all of the 688 election districts on nearly all of the candidates have been tabulated, the exceptions being the candidates for Treasurer, Attorney-General and State Engineer. Nearly half of the election districts in the XXIId Assembly District are missing on these, but for Secretary of State and Controller nothing is wanting.

Maynard's vote in this city is 92,050; Carr's vote is 68,267, making Maynard's majority over Carr 23,783. Chapin received 100,493 : Davenport 59,981, making Chapin's majority over Davenport 41,212.

For Register, Reilly's vote is 78,510; Hess received 64,736, and O'Brien 18,797, making

Reilly's plurality 13,774. For Supreme Court Judge, Van Brunt had 101,773 votes to 53,074 for Mitchell, and Andrews had 100,991 to 52,711 for Sewell. Nehrbas has 42,374 majority over Langbein, and

Browne has 49,490 over Townley. The Republicans have gained four members of the Legislature from this city, one Senator and three Assemblymen. They have gained the VIIIth Senate District and the Xth, XIIIth and XVIIIth Assembly Districts, but they have lost the XXIIId. Tammany Hall elected seven members of the Assembly, the County Democracy six, and there were two Independent Democrats chosen. Tammany elected two Senators, Irving Hall two, the County Democracy one, and there was one Independent Democrat elected. In the next Board of Aldermen the Republicans will have eight members, a gain of one. Tammany elected eight Aldermen, a loss of three, the County Democracy elected seven, and the "Jeffersonian Democrats" one.

The proposed Constitutional Amendment abolish ing contract labor in prisons received 112,796 votes in its favor to 13.658 votes against it.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

CITY VOTE ON STATE TICKET.

		ECHETARI	OF GLAI	Pi-	020020
Assembly	18	83.	18	81.	Regis- tration.
District.	Carr.	May- nard.	Carr.	Purcell.	1883.
	1,956 1,794 1,799 8,739 4,804 3,806 8,775 2,252 8,900 1,749 2,715 1,938 2,172 3,046 8,176	4,348 8,504 8,570 8,570 8,570 9,229 8,265 1,62 4,292 2,830 8,265 4,519 4,464 5,080 4,442 4,444	1,016 825 1,741 1,619 1,619 1,529 1,539 1,481 1,529 1,627 1,632 1,649 2,560 1,649 2,247 2,248 2,489 3,634 2,474	4,450 8,852 8,851 4,851 4,702 2,344 8,310 2,072 4,805 4,452 4,451 4,213	6,233 8,146 6,127 7,349 7,247 7,430 8,555 8,097 4,987 7,142 7,554 5,610
Total	68,267	92,050	55,225	91,957	182,144
Majority		23,7×3	*****	36,732	
	CONTROLLER		THEAS	UKER.	Regis
Assembly District.	Daven- port.	Chapin.	Sexton.	Maxwell	tration. 1883.
1	1,181 1,736 1,032 1,472 1,604 3,617 4,274 8,573 8,513 2,536 2,117 3,666 2,117 3,666 1,524 1,524 2,526 1,523 1,524 2,536	6,278 3,038 5,213 2,575 2,967 3,929 3,572 1,746 4,453 3,000 4,448 4,427 4,940	1,121 945 1,741 953 1,398 1,597 3,091 4,100 3,100 3,100 2,113 3,443 1,949 1,94	3,607 5,223 3,919 5,816 2,793 5,712 2,262 2,275 3,748 8,492 1,539 4,413 2,924 4,835 5,675 4,835 5,675 4,835 5,675 4,835	5,853 6,435 6,233 6,123 7,349 7,247 7,349 8,565 8,007 7,142 7,554 9,783 7,142 7,564 9,783 7,142 8,555 8,007 7,142 7,554 8,555 8,007 7,142 7,554 8,555 8,007 7,142 7,554 8,555 8,007 7,554 8,555 8,007 7,554 8,555 8,007 7,554 8,555 8,007 7,554 8,555

War A		75.54	THE PERSON NAMED IN	200	
Total	59,28	1 100,48	54,508	93,015	182,144
Majority		41,211		<b>\$38,507</b>	274145
* Incomplet	e.				
Assembly	ATTORN		ENGINE		Rogas
Districts.	Russell.	O'Brien.	Seymour	Sweet.	tration. 18e3.
1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	1,612 8,183 4,130 8,274 2,340 2,116 8,551 1,976 1,976 1,982 1,63 2,586 2,508	2,907 3,598 9,979 4,923 4,619 5,660 4,918 3,680 1,673	3,001 3,269 2,349 2,113 3,541 1,421 2,063 1,561 1,564 2,560 2,560 2,565	3,701 5,015 5,015 5,018 5,700 5,700 5,701 2,171 1,541 4,640 4,840 6,161 4,620 6,161 1,574	7, 90% 6, 20% 8, 141 6, 20% 8, 141 7, 247 7, 247 7, 448 7, 144 7, 504 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 7, 144 14, 144 1
Total	54,086	92,464	54,500	93,571	182,144
Majority.		38,378		20,071	

XII	2,116 3,551 1,424 1,976 1,562 2,982 1,565 2,596 2,596 1,194 1,156	4, 133 2,907 3,599 3,879 4,619 5,660 4,918 3,680 1,573 1,835 5,118 4,438	2,349 2,113 3,547 1,421 2,063 1,561 2,961 2,560 2,560 2,505 2,505 2,305 1,851 4,234 2,341	25,447	7,142 7,554 5,610 8,783 7,047 9,131 7,963 8,515 7,403 0,185 10,828 12,190 7,276
Total	54,086	92,464	54,500	93,571	182,144
Majority		38,378		20,071	41500
* Incomplet	ie.				
TI	E VOT	E FOR	THE JU	DGES,	
discountly.	BU	PRESE CO	car Juna	EH.	Regis
Assembly District.	Mitcheli	Sowell.	Van Brunt	Andrews	tration. 1883.
II III IV	1,378	803 755 1,4-8 881 1,273	4,048 5,161 4,015 6,466 3,477		6,853 6,483 6,233 8,146 6,127

1	1,378 1,378 1,243 1,243 1,243 1,243 1,243 1,247 1,248	1458 1458 1273 1404 1405 1404 1405 1405 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406	4,701 5,488 4,637	3,847	6,443 8,146 6,127 7,447 7,447 7,447 7,447 7,554 4,987 7,142 7,554 5,610 8,733 7,447 7,443 6,185 10,828 12,190 7,276
Total	53,074	62,711	101,773	100,991	182,144
Majority	******	*****	48,0.9	48,280	
Assembly		Regts.			
District.	Lang- bein.	Townley	Nehrbas	Browne.	tration. 1883.
1	1 008 835 1,509 1,414 1 315 3,546 8,839 2 1,795 3,672 2,516 1,628 2,516 1,628 2,780	744 780 1,689 3,855 1,269 1,497 3,435 3,813 3,401 2,768 2,244 1,754 3,479 1,297 1,297 2,298 1,227 2,932 1,287	8,741 5,281 4,055 4,200 4,028 5,231 2,713 3,108 4,925 1,986 4,649 3,163 8,769 4,769 4,769 6,622 6,622 6,622	4.140 5.037 4.014 5.779 4.072 5.326 2.807 3.704 4.121 3.850 2.077 7.607 5.045 5.045 5.045 5.886	5,858 6,498 6,213 8,146 6,127 7,319 7,247 7,490 8,055 8,097 4,987 7,142 7,554 6,610 8,783 7,047 9,189

2,916 2,451 4,248 2,151 58,830 55,221 101,204 104,711 182,144 Majority ..... 42,374 49,490 THE VOTE FOR REGISTER. REGISTER. tion. 1883. Rellly. | G'Brien. 658 456 654 371 269 269 426 826 826 826 826 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 3,719 1,462 2,746 1,684 3,319 1,592 2,380 3,403 3,403

64,736

Plurality...... 13,774)

78,510

SIX DEMOCRATIC SENATORS. The Democrats have carried six of the Senate Districts in this city and the Republicans one. The fol-

or pluralities: Dist. V.—Michael C. Murphy (C. D. and I. H.). 4.852 maj VI.—T. J. Campbell (C. D. and I. H.). 5.636 maj VII.—James Daly (C. D.). 1.871 plu VIII.—Frederick S. Gibbs (Rep.). 7.351 plu IX.—John J. Cullen (Tain.)

X.—J. H. Robb (Tam., C. D. and I. H.)

XL—George W. Plunkitt (Tam.)

owing are the successful candidates, with their majorities

The full vote in the XIth District, which was not given yesterday morning, is as follows: William H. Bellamy (Rep.), 7,930; W. W. Nilos (C. D.), 7,377; and George W. Plunkitt (Tam.), 10,902. NINE REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLYMEN. In several of the Assembly districts the vote s extremely close and will require the official canvass to

determine who is elected. This is especially so in the

IIId and XVth Districts. The returns elect nine Republi-

cans, seven Tammany Hall Democrats, seven County Democrats and one Independent Democrat. The follow-

ing are the successful candidates with their majorities or | District pluralities:

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The new Board of Aldermen will be almost evenly divided. The Republicans have elected eight members, Tammany Haif eight, the County Democracy seven, and there is one Independent Democrat, Thomas Shells, from the IVth District. Tammany may unite with the Republicans in organizing the Board, or the representatives of the two Democratic factions may unite on the common ground of patronage. The following are the successful candidates, with their majorities or pluralities:

strict.		
I-Thomas Cleary, C. D. and I. H.	1,181	maj.
H-William P. Kirk, Tam	- 22	maj.
III—John O'Nell, C. D.	387	plu.
IV-Thomas Shiels, Ind. Dem	1,015	plu.
V-Henry W. Jachne, C. D	1,329	plu.
VI-Patrick Farley, C. D. and L. H	832	plu.
VII-Charles D. Walke, Rep	713	maj.
VIII-Frederick Finch, Rep	1,145	mal.
IX-William H. Miller, Rep	1,327	plu.
X-Thomas Rothman, Rep	1,792	plu.
XI-John C. O'Connor, Jr., Rep	1,326	maj.
XII-Robert E. De Lacey, C. D	1,479	mal.
XIII—James Pearson, Rep	1,714	plu.
XIV-Arthur J. McQuade, C. D	1,357	plu.
XV-M. F. McLaughlin, Tam	340	plu.
XVI-Charles Dempsey, Tam. and Rep.	439	plu.
XVII—Louis Wendel, Rep	424	plu.
XVIII-Richard Croker, Tam	293	plu.
XIX-Hugh J. Grant, Tam. and I. H	997	plu.
XX-Francis McCabe, Tam	303	plu.
XXI-H. L. Sayles, Rep	639	plu.
XXII-Charles H. Reflly, C. D.	1,138	mat.
XXIII-Michael Duffy, Tam. and L. H	569	plu.
XXIV-R. A. Fullgraff, Tam. and I. H	181	plu.
seems, and a magerial, thus that is there.	A. 17.A.	Posts.
-		

THE CONTRACT LABOR AMENDMENT.

The total vote in this city on the amendment rohibiting contract labor in the State prisons was 112,706 in its favor and 13,658 against it, making a majority in favor of the amenement of 99,048. As the ballots read " for " and " against " the proposed amendment some voters east affirmative ballots in the mistaken belief that they were voting for the contract system. In some districts negative ballots could not be obtained.

MR. O'BRIEN PHILOSOPHICAL.

James O'Brien's headquarters were deserted yesterday, and the late candidate for Register did not visit the rooms. He was said to take his defeat philosophically. He, however, made the usual charges of bad faith-he had been "sold out"; his friends had disappointed him; but he was still in-clined to be jolly. The few friends of Mr. O'Brien who visited his headquarters were in various moods of depression, but still professed the most abundant faith in their favorite candidate.

## CELEBRATING THE VICTORY. .

A regular monthly meeting of the XIIth Assembly District Republican Association was held last night at No. 291 East Fourthest. Arrangements were made for the enrollment of voters in the district on the next three Tuesdays, as provided for by the Committee of always been the custom of the association to celebrate the electrics of the Republican party by a joilification, and he was glad to invite the members to celebrate a sweeping victory this time, although in the XIIII bistrict their candidates had not been elected. The members present adjourned to the club-house in FIRIA-st., where they celebrated the victory in due form.

## THE UNION LEAGUE ON RE-ENROLMENT.

A meeting of members of the Union League Club was held last evening at the club-house, at the re-enrolment and reorganization of the Republican party in this city were informally discussed. A committee was appointed to confer with the Committee of Elekteen in regard to modifications in the plan of reor ganization prepared by the latter committee. Another committee was appointed to present the subject of reorcommittee was appointed to present the subject of reor-ganization to the club for action at its meeting this even-ing. According to the plan of the Committee of Eighteen, as approved by the Richfield Springs Convention, the re-curoiment of Republicans, including all who voted for Garfield and Arthur, will begin next Tucsday evening and be continued on the next two following Tucsday

## BUTLER AND HIS COUNCIL.

Boston, Nov. 7 .- At a meeting of the Governor and his Council to-day, George L. Ruffin, a colored lawyer of Boston, was nominated for judge of the Charlestown District Court. Thursday, November 29, was appeinted Thanksgiving Day. It was voted to ask the opinion of the Supreme Court as to the legality of Mrs. Clara F. Leonard's membership in the State Board of Health, Lunacy and Charity.

## FOUL PLAY AT TROY.

TROY, N. Y., Nov. 7 .- The body of James A. Colligan, a prominent young man, was found this morning in the entrance to a basement. There were marks of violence on the body and foul play is

## STRIKES IN TWO TRADES.

The bookbinders employed by Kelly & Co., Nos. 358 and 360 Broome-st., have decided to go on strike this morning if the firm should refuse to accede to their in its employ. They are also dissatisfied with the present rate of wages, and will demand an advance. A number of cigar makers in the employ of the firm of Katz Brothers left their work yesterlay on account of differences with their foreman, whose discharge they demanded. In consequence of this action the shop has been declared on strike by the Union. lemands to discharge some non-union men which it has

## TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

HARVARD DEFRATS STEVENS INSTITUTE, BOSTON, Nov. 7.—The Harvard eleven defeated the Stevens Institute eleven, of New-York, at football to-day by a score of 11 points to 2.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—The Harvibru cieven defeated the Stevens Institute cieven, of New-York, at football to-day by a score of 11 points to 2.

ASSIGNMENT OF A BREWER.

WATERTOWN, Wis., Nov. 7.—Joseph Bensinger, brewer, has made a voluntary assignment. Bis liabilities are \$100,000; assots from \$30,000 to \$50,000.

KILLED BY THE BURSTING OF A FLY WHEEL. POTTSVILLE, Penn., Nov. 7.—By the bursting of the fly wheel of an engine at the Knickerbocker Colliery to-day William Wagner, of Port Carbon, was killed.

BALE OF A LUMBER COMPANY'S PROPERTY.
ST. ALBANS, VI., Nov. 7.—The property of the Nerwood Lumber Company was sold at auction in Norwood, N.Y., to-day to A. O. Brainerd, of this place, for \$166,500.

OHIO MINERS RESUME WORK.
STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, Nov. 7.—All the miners went to work this mothing, accepting the 10 per cent reduction, against which the miners of one shaft have been standing out for six months.

SURRENDER OF THE CHIRICAHUA INDIANS, SAN FERNCISCO, Nov. 7.—Adjutant-General Kelton has received a dispatch from General Crook confirming the surrender of the Chiricahuas to Lieutenant Honter at Silver Creek, Arl. Geronino's son, Chattos, and his family are among those who laws surrendered.

OFFICERS OF A THANSPORTATION COMPANY, NORWICH, Conn., Nov. 7.—The Norwich and New-York Trensportation Company this morning elected the following directors: James H. Wilson, William 1. Hart and 8. M. Felton, H., of Boston; W. Layard Cutting, E. suydam Grant and Charles W. Copeland, of New-York; Francis H. Dewey, of Worcestor, and Thomas B. Eabe and F.J. Kingshury, of Waterbury. General Wilson was elected president, and Oliver L. Johnson, Ir., secretary and treasure.

AT ODDS WITH THE TRADE DOLLAR.
CINCINNAII. Nov. 7.—The directors of the Board

and Oliver L. Johnson, jr., secretary and treasurer.

AT ODDS WITH THE TRADE DOLLAR.
CINCINNAM, Nov. 7.—The directors of the Board of Traise and Transportation held a meeting to-day, and adopted the report of a committee declaring the traise golder a nuisance, and recommending a memorial to Congress for its redemption by the Government and withdrawal from circulation.

MANUFACTURERS IN CONVENTION.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 7.—Conventions of chain-makers and metallic burial-case mountacturers are in session here for the purpose of fixing prices and making other provisions for the benefit of their respective organizations. 18,797 182,144

## THE DAY AFTER ELECTION.

TALK AT THE STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS.

Chairman Warren, General Sharpe, Secretaries Vrooman and Johnson, and several other members of the Republican State Committee were at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday endeavoring to ascertain the exact result of the State canvass. The early returns showing the re-election of Secretary of State Carr by 15,000 or 16,000 majority were succeeded by others that indicated so great a falling-off on the vote for the other candidates that their defeat was almost conceded. Later dispatches made the result again seem doubtful, and late in the afternoon the election of Pliny T. Sexton as State Treasurer, and perhaps of the other Republican candidates, was considered probable. The news that Senator Jacobs was declared elected by a small majority reached the Committee rooms at an early hour, and charges of fraud in the counting of votes were freely made. It was thought that a Senate investigation might be necessary to ascer-

tain the truth of the charges. Senators-elect Albert Daggett and James Otis visited the Committee's rooms and received congratulations. The telegrams received from various parts of the State gave results only for single districts, and only a few figures were received showing the results by counties. Many inquiries from different parts of the State were received asking as to the result of the election. Two of the rooms used by the Committee were given up, and most of the clerks went home.

Chairman Warren said in reference to the work of the Committee: "The charge that the Committee has not worked hard is not the Committee has not worked hard is not founded on a correct understanding of the matter. We did not have money enough for a canvass in which large meetings should be held. The number of documents sent out was very large; but we had made up our minds that the canvass must be a quiet one and we did not talk about the work we were doing. For a part of the time we had a large number of clerks at work, but most of the time we had little help. New-York City and especially Brocklyn did well. Hard and constant work were done in this part of the State, But the resuit shows that the people in the country were apathetic. Besides, we did not have money enough to bring out the voters in the country districts. If other parts of the State had done as well as the cities, the result would not have been doubtful."

#### COMMENTS IN WALL STREET.

The results of the elections were received with great satisfaction in Wall Street. Leading bankers, financiers and merchants regarded the Republican successes as an assurance of continued stability in financial affairs and as an excellent promise for the future. In the defeat of Butler in Massachusetts, the re-election of Mayor Low in Brooklyn, and the reduced Democratic majority in New-York, they saw indications of a healthy public sentiment. John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company, said: "It would have been a lasting disgrace to Brooklyn if it had failed to re-elect Seth Low after he had done so well, and it is no credit to some persons connected with the Brooklyn Bridge that they should have permitted personal jealousies to lead them into the contest against him. As to the State, the result shows the strength and stability of republican institutions; it gives new confidence to all wellneaning citizens. There is now little danger of evil legislation in Congress, for the Democratic party certainly must see, after the experience of the last two years, that it cannot gain success by wrong doing. After a majority of nearly 200,000 last year, to lose both branches of the Legislature and to elect its State officers even by the barest majority is a severe lesson. The civil service is to be the great issue, and the people have expressed their confidence in the principle; no party which ignores it can win success. The defeat of Butler is a cause for rejoicing, and good men feel more confident in the future now that his brief career is ended. The sober second thought of the American people is apt to be very nearly correct."

George F. Baker, president of the First National Bank, said that he had taken little interest in political matters recently, but that he was greatly pleased with the results of the election. "A prominent Democrat," he remarked, "who has been mentioned for the office of Governor, told me this of the political situation.

Eighteen. After the business had been flataned Geerge
Hillyer, the president of the association, said that it had
always been the custom of the association to celebrate
ther letories of the Republican party by a joilinearion,
and he was glad to further the members to celebrate a
greater confidence in republican institutions, not

Would be useless to 'turn the rascals out' when it
is inevitable that we should only be putting greater
rascals in. The result of the elections will be
greater confidence in republican institutions, not

Democrats, and served until 1872. It was through his in-

orly at home, but in Europe,"

James Seligman, of J. & W. Seligman & Co., expressed his satisfaction thus: "Splendid! The election news is the best news I have heard for a long time. You will see the effects of this very Thomas C. Acton, Assistant United States Treas-

Thomas C. Acton, Assistant United States Treasurer, said: "There was a great right in Brooklyn. It is a pity that Low's majority isn't larger, but it is a greater surprise that so many men could be found in Brooklyn to vote against him. So good a Mayor, with a reputation so unspotted, should have received a rousing majority. But then think of a party supporting that man Bennett for Alderman in this city. There was no doubt about his record, but be received the support of the united Democracy. In politics there are many curious things."

WHAT WAS SAID AROUND THE CITY HALL. In the vicinity of the City Hall there was a variety of opinions expressed relative to the election. All concurred in the statement that "matters were decidedly mixed in this city."

Mayor Edson was asked what he thought of the atcome of Tuesday's contest, He replied; "I can

hardly say as yet. I have heard nothing definite since reading the morning papers, but understand that the situation has been somewhat changed. 1 prefer to say nothing at present." Commissioner Hubert O. Thompson, of the Department of Public Works, one of the foremost

leaders of the County Democracy, was found attending a meeting of the Aqueduct Commission. Are you satisfied with the results of Tuesday's fight f" he was asked. "I am not," he replied. "The probable defeat of Maynard for Secretary of State, and the election of a number of Republican Assemblyman and Aldermen in this city was one of the direct results of the trouble in this city between the Democratic organizations. Had there been a union this would not have happened. That there were 'deals' by Tammany Hall with the Republicans is clear. To this is due the defeat of Senator James Fitzgerald, in the IXth the defeat of Senator James Fitzgerald, in the IAth District, one of the brightest of our young men in public life, whose record in the Senate has been a clean and honorable one. The figures show plainly, too, the election of Tammany Assemblymen and Aldermen in several districts by Republican votes. I do not care about saying much at the present time. It would do no good. The facts speak for themselves."

time. It would do no good. The facts speak for themselves."

John Reilly, the newly elected Register, said:
"I am under obligations to my friends for the good work they did for me, and to the press generally for the kindly words it gave me all through the canvass. I have been before the people for several years in public capacities, and have endeavored to serve them faithfully. I shall do the same in my new position. I shall not make many changes. Most of those in the Register's office are yaluable employes, whose places cannot well be filled by untried men. Whatever changes are made will be made gradually. It is a pity that a spirit of harmony had not prevailed in the canvass such as was foreshadowed at the outset. The Democrats lost a considerable number of Assemblymen and Aldermen because of the local quarrels. Tammany Hall was willing to meet on a fair basis, but the quarrel was forced on her."

"What do you think of O'Brien's vote?"

"Well, considering that he boasted that he would have a handsome majority, or rather plurality, his you may be deemed signify contemptible."

have a handsome majority, or rather plurality, his vote may be deemed simply contemptible."

COLLECTOR ROBERTSON'S SATISFACTION. "Notwithstanding I have given all the time I had to spare from my duties in the Custom House,' said Collector Robertson yesterday, " toward helping the Republican candidates in Westchester County, I never felt better in my life than when I went to bed at 5 o'clock this morning with every indication that the Republican party in this State had redeemed itself."

The Collector lifted his head from a mass of pub lie documents which he was examining at his deak in the Custom House, and his face was wreathed with smiles as he continued: "It is, in my opinion, a glorions victory for the Republicans—the greatest we have had in many years—and yet I have not had time to look over the newspapers to get later news than I had when I went to bed after working hard all night; but I am gratified and

satisfied. Just think of it; last year my distrigave 5,500 to Cleveland, and this year it only pol 300 for Maynard. It is a glorious Republican vitory, even if we had not elected a single candidat on the State ticket."

OPINIONS OF VARIOUS OFFICIALS.

President Van Cott, of the Fire Department, who s a member of the Republican State Committee looked pleased but tired as he sat in his office at Fire Headquarters yesterday. "I need a little rest," he said, "because I worked hard until the close of the election. I have not had time to visit the State Committee rooms to-day, but I wouldn't be surprised if the vote in the country will elect the entire Republican State ticket by a small majority. What a change in the Republican party in this State since last year! It looks to me as certain that we can carry the State next year by a handsome majority if the party remains united. For one, I am anxions to forget past differences in the party and work for the election of a Republican President in 1884. I believe that the leaders of the party are anxious to prevent any contentions which might endanger success next year."

Edmund Stephenson, president of the Home Bank and a Commissioner of Emigration, said: "This is a clean, square Republican victory, and no mistake

and a Commissioner of Emigration, said: "Inis is a clean, square Republican victory, and no mistake about it. It's a splendid victory, with both branches of the Legislature Republican; and no doubt Cleveland's personal comfort is somewhat disturbed. Of course I should like to see the State ticket elected, but we ought not to expect too much; the thinking people will gradually come over to the Republican party."

"Who do you think will be selected to succeed the present Commission under the new law providing for a single-beaded Commission!"

"I don't know, but I am certain that Murtha will not be confirmed. You may depend upon it that no one of the present Board is on the anxious seat, unless it may be Ulrich. Of course unless the Governor sends in a name acceptable to the new Senate he will not be confirmed. The same may be said with regard to the Quarantine Commissioners, who are holding over because the Senate failed to confirm the Governor's nominees last spring."

George Starr, one of the Emigration Commissioners, swams his hat gleefully when asked how he felt about the election. "Feel?" said he. "Well, I feel like a young man. With Pennsylynnia and Massachusetts Republican we ought to feel hopeful for next year's success. We'll do better in New-York next year, and you can be that the Republican party will carry the State by a large majority."

HOPING FOR JACOBS'S DEFEAT.

"If only Jacobs is defeated I shall feel more gratifled than I do now," said Gustav Schwab yesterday, "He is and has been a great obstruction to the commerce of this port by his opposition to the pilotage reduction bills. In any event I feel satisfied that his power is broken; he can no longer lead the Senate by the nose as he has done I am surprised that Brooklyn should send such a man to represent the people in Albany, and if he is given a majority of votes they will be closely investigated so that if fraud has been practised he will be prevented from taking his seat."

taking his seat."

Edward Hineken, ex-President of the Produce Exchange, who is a Democrat, said: "I hope Jacobs is defeated, for we can readily dispense with such a man. He has no principle, as is shown in the fact that he issued a circular on Monday urging his recelection, and among the names appended to it was mine, as well as the names of others which he had no authority to use. It was a fraud upon the people. Jacobs makes himself a great enemy to commerce by his unwarranted opposition to the pilotage reduction bill which the merchants have endeavored to have passed for several years."

#### OBITUARY.

#### EX-SENATOR RANDOLPH.

Ex-Senator Theodore F. Randolph died yeserday morning at his home in Morristown, N J., from a sudden nitack of disease of the heart to which he is said to have been subject for some years. He was the son of James F. Randolph and was born at New-Brunswick, N. J., on June 24, 1836. His education was received at Rutgers Grammar School. An equally important part of his training was obtained in the office of The Freedomian, a paper owned and edited by the elder Randolph after his retirement from Congress.

Upon leaving school Mr. Randolph became a mer-

chant. His early years as a business man were spent at Vicksburg, Miss. He east his first vote in that city. While living there, he married Miss Fannie Coleman, the daughter of Nicholas Coleman, who at one time was a Congressman from Louisiana. Mrs. Randolph is a granddaughter of Chief-Justice Marshall. In 1850 Mr. mentioned for the office of Governor, told me this morning as we were coming down town that he voted the straight Republican ticket yesterday. That shows what intelligent and good men think

Randelph returned to his native home. State, making his home first in Hudson County, and afterward at Morristewn. Nine years after his return, he was elected member of the Assembly by the of the political situation."

American, or Know-Nothing-party, and in 1820 was Solon Humphreys, of the firm of E. D. Morgan & elected by the Democracy to the State Senate for a short Co., said: "We do not want any change, for it term and returned for the full term in 1863. His abduly as fluence that the Legislature was prevailed upon to repeal what was known as the " Camden and Amboy Monopoly Tax," and to pass a general railroad law. He was instrumental in improving the prison system of the State, and was the first to put in form the plan of a State lun

In 1874, Mr. Randolph was elected to the United States enate, succeeding John P. Stockton. Though as Democrat he was sternly opposed to the loose financial ideas which characterized his party, especially in the West, He advocated sound money. He was not a brilliant or persuasive speaker, but he studied all the important subjects that came to his attention with conscientions care. Financial subjects were those with which he was most familiar. In dealing with them the practical sense of a business man triumpied ever the tendencies of partisanship. His reputation as a Senator was due in large part to his speech upo: what was known as the Matthews bill. During the civil war, Mr. Randolph was in sympathy with the cause of the Union. While in the Logislature he proposed measure for the relief of the families of volunteer spidiers. He served as chairman of the special legislative committee on the "Peace Congress" in 1861.

Since the close of his term in the United States Senate. erat he was sternly opposed to the loose financt

Is the close of his term in the United States Senate, Mr. Randolph had lived quietly at his home in Morristown. He had large coal and iron interests in Pennsylvania which required nucle of his attention. Some years ago he became a director of the New-Jersey Central Raftrond, a position which he retained at the time of his death. He had been president of the Board of Trustees of the Washington Association of New-Jersey since its incorporation. He was a member of the South Pressylvania Church. His wife survives him, with three sons and one daughter.

BENJAMIN FITCH.

Benjamin Fitch died at his home, No. 61 Fifth-ave., yesterday, in the eighty-second year of his ge. The funeral services will be held at the house on Saturday at 10 a. m., and the interment will be at Noro-

Mr. Fitch was born in Hanfield County, Conn., in 1801. At an early age he came to New-York and went into the dry-goods basiness in partnership with Mr. Robinson. Their store was in Beaver-st, A few years later Mr. Fitch purchased the Richmond Rill Theatre in Charlton-st., but did not retain possession of it long. He then opened a dry-goods store in the central part of New-York State, and, prospering, moved to Buffalo, where he opened a large wholesale and retail dry-goods establish nent. Later he opened a branch store in Chicago, which was then the largest in the city. He sold out and retired from business in 1855. On that occasion the merchants of New-York presented him with a service of silver plate. When the war broke out Mr. Fitch, being too old to go to the front himself, raised a regiment at his own expense, and made provision to provide for the families of those members of the regiment who might not survive the war. For this purpose he built an institution at Darien, Conn., which was known as Fitch's Home for the Soldiers' Orphans. It is still occupied by disabled soldiers, and is in charge of the Grand Army of the Republic. In 1880 he began the building of the Fitch Institute at Barfalo, N. Y., and expended \$400,000 in its construction. It is designed for the benefit of the poor, and its plan is exceedingly comprehensive. It contains a library, technical and industrial schools, and a hospital and dispensary.

Of eccentric disposition, Mr. Fitch was nevertheless of a self-reliant and energetic character. When in business he won respect by his slerling honesty and integrity and in after years by his many deeds of charity. He was never matried.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Charles Y. Roosevelt, son of the late Judgs James I. Roosevelt, died in Paris on Tuesday, after a brief illness. He was born in this city in 1846, and after studying at Yale and at Heidelberg, Germany, he was graduated at Columbia College. A lawyer by profession, he was for a short time only in practice when he was appointed Consul al Copenhagen by President Lincols, where he remained till 1867. His father died a few years ago, leaving him a large estate, and he has since spent most of his time abroad. He leaves a wife and two children.

Charles Irving Jones, age thirty-two, died at his home, No. 230 East Eighty-first-st., of pneumonia, yesterday. He was for fifteen years a clerk and searcher in the County Clerk's office, and for several years he was chief usher at Booth's Theatre. He leaves a wife and two children.

BOSTON, Nov. 7 .- Dr. R. D. Joyce, the Irish poet, who has lived in this city since 1866, died in Dublin on October 23.